What can you do to help?

- If you suspect that your child may be missing school or is unhappy at school, you should contact the school as soon as possible so that you can work with them to resolve any difficulties.
- Make sure your child understands that you do not approve of them missing school, but be on the alert for any particular reasons for non-attendance, such as bullying or problems with school work and discuss these with the school.
- If your child is ill or absent for any other reason, contact the school on the first day of absence
- Follow the school's procedures for notifying absence, and always let the school know of any days that your child is unable to attend.
- Make sure your child arrives at school on time for both the morning and afternoon sessions.
- Take an interest in your child's education Ask them about their day and praise and encourage their achievements at school.
- Co-operate with any support, such as a Parenting Contract offered by the school or Local Authority

The information on this flyer is based on DfES booklet - Is your child missing out? (2007)

The world is run by those who turn up.

Attending school every day = 100\% attendance.

Attending $4 ½$ days a week $=$
90\% attendance =
4 weeks missed per year

Attending 4 days a week =
80\% attendance =
more than half a term missed per year or 2 full years missed over the course of their school career.

Attending $3 ½$ days each week =
$70 \%$ attendance =
more than a quarter of the school year missed.

An average attendance of $80 \%$ or less across a child's school career adds up to missing a whole 2 years from school

Being late for school reduces learning time.
If your child is 5 minutes late every day they will miss three days of learning each year.

If your child is 15 minutes late every day they will miss is 2 weeks of learning each year.

Make every minute count


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\begin{aligned}
& \text { Information for } \\
& \text { Parents and carers }
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Why is it important for children not to miss school?

Most parents want their children to get on well in life. Nowadays, it is more important than ever to have a good education behind you if you want opportunities in adult life. Children only get one chance at school, and your child's chances of a successful future may be affected by not attending school or alternative provision regularly.
If children do not attend school regularly they may:

- struggle to keep up with school work. In a busy school day it is difficult for schools to find the extra time to help a child catch up.
- miss out on the social side of school life especially at primary school. Poor attendance can affect children's ability to make and keep friendships; a vital part of growing up.

Setting good attendance patterns from an early age, from nursery classes through primary school, will also help your child later on. Employers want to recruit people who are reliable. So children who have a poor school attendance record may have less chance of getting a good job.

Being on time is also vital. Arriving late at school can be very disruptive for your child, the teacher, and the other children in the class.
Some parents may be trying but finding it hard to get their children to attend school.

What might the impact of poor attendance be on your child?

Research has shown that children who are not in school are most vulnerable and are easily drawn into crime. Those children who play truant are more likely to offend than those that do not.

## Research also shows that:

- less than $40 \%$ of pupils in secondary schools with an average of 17 days or more absence get 5 good GCSEs (grades $A^{*}$ to C) compared to more than $90 \%$ in schools with an average of less than 8 days absence.
- In primary schools less than $65 \%$ get good results in Maths and English in schools with an average of 15 days absence compared to around $90 \%$ in schools where the average is less than 8 days. Many parents are surprised how quickly their children accumulate 15 days absence.


## What does the law say?

By law, all children of compulsory school age (between 5 and 16) must get a suitable, full-time education. As a parent, you are responsible for making sure this happens, either by registering your child at a school or by making other arrangements which provide a suitable full-time education.

Once your child is registered at a school you are responsible for making sure he or she attends regularly. If your child fails to attend regularly even if they miss school without you knowing - the Local Authority (LA) may take legal action against you.

The LA is responsible for making sure that parents fulfil their responsibilities. Parents are responsible for making sure that their registered children regularly attend school and any alternative provision arranged for them.

If you think you might need to take your child out of school, discuss the reasons with the school as soon as possible.

Reasons such as family bereavement or taking part in an agreed religious observance would be acceptable for short absences. Unacceptable reasons for missing school include shopping and birthdays.

## What happens if your child does not attend school regularly?

Your child's school is responsible by law for reporting poor attendance to the LA. As a parent, you are committing an offence if you fail to make sure that your child attends school regularly, even if they are missing school without your knowledge. You run the risk of being issued with a penalty notice or being taken to court.

The LA may decide to prosecute a parent.
If this happens:

- Parents can be fined up to $£ 2,500$ or imprisoned for failing to ensure that their child attends school regularly.
- Magistrates can also impose a Parenting Order, which means that the parent has to attend a counselling and guidance programme, usually a parenting class.


## What about authorised absences?

Of course there may be times when your child has to miss school because she or he is ill. This is to be expected and for the odd day off sick you should follow the school's procedures for notifying illness. Children may also have to attend a medical or dental appointment in school time. However, you should try to make routine appointments such as dental check-ups during the school holidays or after school hours. Any absence must be requested as far in advance as possible. Absences can only be authorised by the school.

